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摘要:本文对中国副厚䗛属 Parapachymorpha Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893 进行了分类研究,其中包括2新种——道 英副厚䗛 Parapachymorpha daoyingi sp. nov. 和西双版纳副厚䗛 Parapachymorpha xishuangbannaensis sp. nov.,以及1中国新记录种——刺副厚蟖 Parapachymorpha spinosa Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893。新种模式标本保存于上海昆虫博物馆。

关键词: 䗛目; 䗛科; 副厚䗛属; 分类; 新种; 新记录; 中国

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# A review of the genus *Parapachymorpha* Brunner von Wattenwyl (Phasmatodea: Phasmatidae) from China, with descriptions of two new species

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Abstract: This paper presents a taxonomic review of the genus *Parapachymorpha* Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893 from China. Two new species, *Parapachymorpha daoyingi* sp. nov. and *P. xishuangbannaensis* sp. nov., are described. *Parapachymorpha spinosa* Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893 is recorded for the first time from China. The type specimens of the new species are deposited in Shanghai Entomological Museum, Shanghai.

Key words: Phasmatodea; Phasmatidae; Parapachymorpha; taxonomy; new species; new record; China

副厚 䗛属 Parapachymorpha 由 Brunner von Wattenwyl 于 1893 年建立,模式种为黑副厚䗛 P. nigra Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893。该属目前记录 6 种,主要分布于中国南方、越南、泰国和缅甸(Otte and Brock, 2005)。中国目前仅记载 1 种,即四刺副厚股䗛 P. tetracantha Chen et He, 2001 (陈树椿和何允恒, 2001)。作者在整理中国副厚䗛属时,发现 2 新种及 1 新记录种,现记述如下。

# 副厚䗛属 Parapachymorpha Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893

Parapachymorpha Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893. Annali del Museo Civico di storia naturale Giacomo Doria, Genova, 13: 96; Kirby, 1904. A Synonymic Catalogue of Orthoptera. Vol. 1. Orthoptera Euplexoptera, Cursoria et Gressoria (Forficulidae, Hemimeridae, Blattidae, Mantidae, Phasmidae), 342; Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1907. Die Insektenfamilie der Phasmiden. II. Phasmidae Anareolatae (Clitumnini, Lonchodini, Bacunculini), 217; Bradley and Galil, 1977. Proceedings of the Entomological Society, Washington, 79 (2): 185; Chen and He, 2001.

Entomological Journal of East China, 10 (1): 8; Zompro, 2004. Abhandlungen des Naturwissenschaftlichen Vereins in Hamburg (NF), 37: 317; Otte and Brock, 2005. Phasmida Species File, Catalog of Stick and Leaf Insects of the World, 249; Hennemann, Conle and Zhang, 2008. Zootaxa, 1735: 20; Chen and He, 2008. Phasmatodea of China, 210.

模式种: Parapachymorpha nigra Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893。

体粗棒状,向腹端缩细。头卵形,常具颗粒或短刺。触角短,分节明显,到达前足股节中部。胸部具皱折及短刺。腹部圆柱形;雄性臀节浅裂;雌性臀节后缘弧形。两性尾须短。足股节背面具齿。无翅。

# 1 道英副厚䗛,新种 Parapachymorpha daoyingi sp. nov. (图1: A; 2: A, B)

雌性:体中型,褐色;表面粗糙,具颗粒及刺。 缺翅。头长卵形,长于前胸背板,具明显颗粒及钝刺;后头隆起,具4对尖刺及少量短钝刺。复眼小, 半球形,其直径为眼后头长的3倍。触角短,分节

#### 中国副厚䗛属分种检索表

| 1. | 触角 19 节; 腹部第 5 节背板无刺 ············· 西双版纳副厚䗛 P. xishuangbannaensis sp. nov.                            |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|    | 触角 15~17 节; 腹部第 5 节背板具刺 2                                                                            |
| 2. | 腹部第6~8 节背板无刺 ····· 四刺副厚䗛 P. tetracantha Chen et He, 2001                                             |
|    | 腹部第6~8 节背板具刺                                                                                         |
| 3. | 后足股节内外腹脊具 3 枚细齿 ······ 刺副厚䗛 P. spinosa Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893                                   |
|    | 后足股节内外腹脊具 5 枚细齿 ···································                                                  |
|    |                                                                                                      |
|    | Key to the species of Parapachymorpha from China                                                     |
| 1. | Antennae 19-segmented; fifth abdominal tergum lacking spines                                         |
|    | Antennae 15 – 17-segmented, fifth abdominal tergum armed with spines                                 |
| 2. | Sixth to eighth abdominal terga lacking spines                                                       |
|    | Sixth to eighth abdominal terga armed with spines                                                    |
| 3. | Anteroventral and posteroventral carinae of metafemora armed with 3 small teeth                      |
|    |                                                                                                      |
|    | Anteroventral and posteroventral carinae of metafemora armed with 5 small teeth P. daoyingi sp. nov. |

明显, 15 节; 长于头部及前胸背板之和, 短于中胸 背板; 第1节扁平, 基部稍缩细, 具明显中脊, 长 为第2节的3倍;第2节短柱形,短于第3节。胸 部散布颗粒。前胸背板梯形,长大于宽,十字形沟 位于中央,前缘凹入,后缘平截及具1对刺。中胸 背板长为前胸背板长的3.3倍,侧缘具短钝刺;沿 中线两侧的前端、中部及后端各具1对刺。后胸背 板的中部及后端各具1对刺。腹部圆柱形,长于头 部及胸部之和; 具颗粒; 中节后缘具2 枚刺; 第2~ 5 腹节背板后缘具 4 枚刺; 第 7 腹节腹板后缘中突 不明显, 较扁; 第8 腹节背板中部向后端缩细; 第9 腹节背板后缘隆起,短于第8腹节背板;臀节稍短 于第9腹节背板,具中纵脊,后缘具凹痕;腹瓣舟 形, 具侧脊, 到达臀节后缘。尾须短, 侧扁, 末端稍 尖,超过臀节后缘。足修长;前足股节基部弯曲, 腹脊具不明显细齿。中足股节及后足股节内外腹脊 具3枚细齿。胫节腹面及背面缺齿。

雄性:未知。

体长: 46 mm; 前胸背板长: 3 mm; 中胸背板长: 10 mm; 后胸背板长(含中节): 6 mm; 前足股节长: 17 mm; 中足股节长: 11 mm; 后足股节长: 16 mm.

分布:中国(云南)。

新种与刺副厚䗛 Parapachymorpha spinosa

Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893 相似, 但新种胫节腹面及背面缺齿可相区别。

词源: 新种种名以昆虫学者毕道英教授名字 命名。

# 2 刺副厚䗛 Parapachymorpha spinosa Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893, 中国新记录种

Parapachymorpha spinosa Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893, 13:96, pl. 4:36.

研究标本: 1♀, 云南: 西双版纳, 2003-VII-8, 李利珍采。

分布:中国(云南);缅甸及泰国。

#### 3 四刺副厚股䗛 Parapachymorpha tetracantha Chen et He, 2001

Parapachymorpha tetracantha Chen et He, 2001, 10(1): 8-10.

研究标本: 1♀, 云南: 西双版纳, 1974-V-14 – 25, 周尧等采。

分布:中国(云南)。

# 4 西双版纳副厚䗛,新种 Parapachymorpha xishuangbannaensis sp. nov. (图1: B; 2: C, D)

雌性:体中型,褐色;体表粗糙,具皱折,颗粒及刺。缺翅。头长卵形,长于前胸背板,具明显颗粒及钝刺;后头稍隆起,具1对三角形叶突;后缘具4枚钝刺。复眼小,半球形,其直径为眼后头长的4倍;复眼间具1条黑色横纹。触角短,分节明



图 1 道英副厚䗛 *Parapachymorpha daoyingi* sp. nov. (A)和西双版纳副厚䗛 *P. xishuangbannaensis* sp. nov. (B)
Fig. 1 *Parapachymorpha daoyingi* sp. nov. (A) and *P. xishuangbannaensis* sp. nov. (B)
A, B: 雌性, 侧面观 Lateral view, ♀. 比例尺 Scale bars: 5 mm.

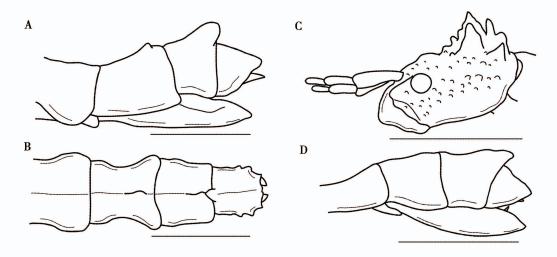


图 2 道英副厚䗛 Parapachymorpha daoyingi sp. nov. (A, B) 和西双版纳副厚蟖 P. xishuangbannaensis sp. nov. (C, D) Fig. 2 Parapachymorpha daoyingi sp. nov. (A, B) and P. xishuangbannaensis sp. nov. (C, D) A: 雌性, 腹端侧面 Terminalia, lateral view, ♀; B: 雌性, 腹端背面 Terminalia, dorsal view, ♀; C: 雌性, 头侧面 Head, lateral view, ♀; D: 雌性, 腹端侧面 Terminalia, lateral view, ♀. 比例尺 Scale bars: 5 mm.

显,19节;长于头部及前胸背板之和,与中胸背板等长;第1节扁平,基部缩细,具明显中脊,长为第2节的1.5倍;第2节扁平,长约为第3节及第4节之和。胸部密布颗粒。前胸背板梯形,长大于宽,十字形沟位于中央,前缘明显凹入,后缘近平截并具1对短刺。中胸背板长为前胸背板长的3.3倍,

侧缘具2~3 枚短刺;沿中线两侧的前端、中部及后端各具1对刺。后胸背板的前端及后端各具1对刺。中胸侧板及后胸侧板具钝刺。腹部圆柱形,长于头部及胸部之和;具皱折及颗粒;中节矩形,长大于宽,后缘具4枚刺;第2~4腹节背板后缘具6枚短刺;第4~8腹节背板具中纵脊及侧纵脊;第7

腹节腹板后缘具中突,较扁,末端钝圆;第8腹节背板后缘宽于前缘;第9腹节背板后缘隆起,长于第8腹节背板;臀节短于第8腹节背板,具中纵脊,后缘近平截;腹瓣舟形,末端尖,到达臀节后缘。尾须短,侧扁,末端钝圆,不超过臀节后缘。足修长;前足股节基部弯曲,内腹脊具不明显细齿。中足股节内外背脊具3~5枚叶突。各胫节内外背脊具4~6枚叶突。中足胫节及后足胫节腹中脊近基部隆起。

雄性: 未知。

体长: 46 mm; 前胸背板长: 3 mm; 中胸背板长: 10 mm; 后胸背板长(含中节): 7 mm; 前足股节长: 19 mm; 中足股节长: 12 mm; 后足股节长: 16 mm。

正模 ♀,云南: 西双版纳三岔河, 2009-VI-9 – 10, 刘宪伟等采。

分布:中国(云南)。

新种与四刺副厚股䗛 Parapachymorpha tetracantha Chen et He, 2001 相似, 但新种触角 19 节, 第5 腹节背板无刺等可相区别。

词源: 新种种名以模式产地西双版纳命名。

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  Abhandlungen des Naturwissenschaftlichen Vereins in Hamburg (NF), 37: 1-327.

#### Appendix: Brief descriptions of new taxa

#### Parapachymorpha daoyingi sp. nov. (Figs. 1: A; 2: A, B)

This new species is related to Parapachymorpha spinosa Brunner von Wattenwyl, 1893, but differs in unarmed tibiae.

Length of body: 46 mm; length of pronotum: 3 mm; length of mesonotum: 10 mm; length of metanotum (with median segment): 6 mm; length of profemur: 17 mm; length of mesofemur: 11 mm; length of metafemur: 16 mm.

Holotype ♀, Yunnan: Tengchong, Sep. 30, 1981, collected by HE Xiu-Song; paratype 1♀, same data as holotype.

Etymology: The specific name is named after the Entomologist, Prof. BI Dao-Ying.

#### Parapachymorpha xishuangbannaensis sp. nov. (Figs. 1: B; 2: C, D)

This new species is similar to *Parapachymorpha tetracantha* Chen et He, 2001, but differs in 19-segmented of antennae and lacking spines on fifth abdominal tergum.

Length of body: ♀ 46 mm; length of pronotum: ♀ 3 mm; length of mesonotum: ♀ 10 mm; length of metanotum (with median segment): ♀ 7 mm; length of profemur: ♀ 19 mm; length of mesofemur: ♀ 12 mm; length of metafemur: ♀ 16 mm.

Holotype  $\mathfrak P$ , Yunnan; Sanchahe, Xishuangbanna, Jun. 9-10, 2009, collected by LIU Xian-Wei et al.

Etymology: The specific name is derived from the type locality "Xishuangbanna".

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